PART - II (Class - X

75 Marks

Time: 2:30 Hours

EJ.COM

Unit of SALCEBRAIC FORMULAE AND APPLICATIONS

- Algebraic Expressions
- 1.1.1 Rational Expression
- 1.1.2 Improper Rational Expression
- 1.1.3 Examine A Given Algebraic Expression
- 1.1.4 Rational Expression in its Lowest Terms
- 1.1.5 Reduce A Rational Expression to its Lowest Terms
- 1.1.6 Sum, Difference and Product of Rational Expressions
- 1.1.7 Division of a Rational Expression
- 1.1.8 Value of an Algebraic Expression
- 1.2) Formulae
- 1.3) Surds and Their Applications
 - 1.3.1 Surds
 - 1.3.2 Surds of Second Order
- 1.4) Rationalization

Unit 2 FACTORIZATION

- 2.1) Factorization of Expressions
- 2.2) Remainder Pheorem and Factor Theorem
 - 1201 The Remainder Theorem
 - 2.2.2 Finding Remainder without Dividing
 - 2.2.3 Zeros of a Polynomial
 - 2.2.4 The Factor Theorem
- 2.3) Factorizing a Cubic Polynomial

Unit 3 ALGEBRAIC MANIPULATION

- 3.1) Highest Common Factor (H.C.F) Least Common Multiple (L.C.M)
 - 3.1.1 Highest Common Factor (H.C.F)
 - 3.1.2 Least Common Multiple (L.C.M)
 - 3.1.3 Relationship Between HCF and LCM
- **3.2)** Basic Operations on the Algebraic Fractions
 - 3.2.1 Addition and Subtraction of the Algebraic Fractions
 - 3.2.2 Multiplication and Division of the Algebraic Fractions

on and Division of the Algebraic Fra

3.3)	Square Root of an Algebraic Expression COMM 1 Square Root by Enctorization Method 2 Square Root by Division Method
3.3	.1 Square Root by Factorization Method
3.3	.2 Square Root by Division Method
Unit 4	LINEAR EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES
4.1)	Linear Viduations
MAN	Linear Equation in one Variable
4.1	.2 Solution of a Linear Equation
4.1	.3 Equations Involving Radicals
4.2)	Equations Involving Absolute Value
4.2	.1 Absolute Value
	.2 Equations Involving Absolute Value
4.3)	Linear Inequalities
	.1 Inequalities (>,<) and (\geq , \leq):
	.2 Properties of Inequalities
	Solving Linear Inequalities
	QUADRATIC EQUATIONS
	Quadratic Equations
	Solution of a Quadratic Equation
	.1 Solution of a Quadratic Equation by Factor Eation
5.2	.2 Solution of a Quadratid Edulation by completing
	the signate Markidal ?
5.3)	The Quadratic Formula
Tron-	Derivation of Quadratic Formula
M. 213	2 Problems Involving Quadratic Equations
Unit 6	MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS
	Introduction
	Types of Matrices
	Addition and Subtraction of Matrices
	.1 Add and Subtract Matrices
	.2 Laws of Addition of Matrices
	.3 Additive Identity of Matrices
	.4 Additive Inverse of a Matrix
	Multiplication of Matrices
0.4	.1 Associative Law of Matrices with respect to Multiplication

6.4.2	Distributive Laws
6.4.3	Distributive Laws Commutative Law Theorem The
6.4.4	Theorem VI CJ CJ
- ampropriol	Determinant Function
6.5.2	Evaluate Determinant of a Matrix
	Singular and Non-Singular Matrices
	Adjoint of a Matrix
	Multiplicative Inverse
	Inverse of a Non-Singular Matrix
	Verify $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1} A^{-1}$
	lution of Simultaneous Linear Equations
	atrix Inversion Method / Cramer's Rule
	INDAMENTALS OF GEOMETRY
	operties of Angles
7.1.1	
	Vertical Angles
	Calculate unknown Angles of a Triangle
7.1.4	
7.2) Pa	rallel Lines 70 0 UUU U
7.2.0	Proponies of Parattel Lines
DOM NO	Relation between the Pairs of Angles
W 4.5.3	ongruent and Similar Figures
	Congruent Figures
	Symbol ()
	Properties of Congruency
	ongruent Triangles
	uadrilaterals
	Properties of Congruency
	Opposite Sides of a Rectangle are Equal
	Properties of a Parallelogram
7.6) C	ircle
7.6.1	Circle

7.6.2	Sector COM			
7.6.3	Sector Properties of Angles Applications Applications			
7.6.4	Applications 700 1 UJU U			
Unit 8 PR	ACFICAL GEOMETRY			
The state of the s	enstruction of a Triangle			
COURSINE.	Construction			
8.1.2	Angle Bisectors of a Triangle			
8.2) Construction of Quadrilaterals				
8.2.1	Rectangle			
	Square			
	Parallelogram			
	ngent to the Circle			
	Locate the Centre of the Circle			
8.3.2	Draw a Circle Passing through three Non-collinear			
10000	Points			
	Tangent to a Circle			
8.3.4	Drawing Tangent to two Equal Circles			
8.3.5	Drawing Tangent to two Un-Equal Circles			
8.3.6	Drawing Tangents REAS AND VOLUMES Theorem			
Unit 9 AF	REAS AND VOLUMES []			
9.1) Pyt	thagoras Theorem (O) UIU U			
9.2) Arc	AIII 0 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
- 2.2.M	The Area of a Triangle			
MARIZA	Areas of Rectangular and Square Fields			
	Area of a Circle			
	Area of Concentric Circles			
9.3) Vo				
	FRODUCTION TO COORDINATE GEOMETRY			
	stance Formula			
	Distance between Two Points			
	Use of Distance Formula			
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	llinear Points			
	Collinear Points			
10.2.2	Collinear and Non-Collinear Points			

10.2.3 Collinearity of three Points
10.2.4 Use of Distance Formula for the Non-Collinear Points)

ANSWERS
GLOSSARY
SYMBOLS
INDEX