

EXERCISE

Q1. Fill in the blanks

1. Collection of related web pages is called web site.
2. Initially ARPANET was a wide area network connecting small number of users.
3. News server use NNTP protocol to transfer articles among them.
4. NSF established a separate high speed network called NSFnet.
5. The LAN can be connected to ISP using a high speed phone line called a T1 line.
6. World Wide Web was establishes in 1989.
7. MIME stands for Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension.
8. The four numbers in an IP address are called octets.
9. DNS address is easy to remember.
10. HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language.
11. The Internet is known as ARPANET.
12. Internet was brought online in 1969.
13. Internet was brought online under a contract let by the ARPA which initially connected four major computers.
14. NSF established their network to connect five supercomputing centers.
15. A lot of interconnected networks made internet.
16. The network allows users to share information with each other.
17. A person at home can connect his computer to the internet using phone line modem, DSL or cable modem.
18. ISP stands for Internet Service Provider.
19. The local network connects to an ISP using a high-speed phone line T1 line.
20. A T1 line can handle approximately 1.5 million bps.
21. A normal phone line using a modem can handle 30,000 to 50,000 bps.
22. Backbones around the world are connected through submarine cables, or satellite links.
23. DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.
24. Searching information on the World Wide Web is called Web Browsing.
25. World Wide Web is a system of interlinked, hypertext documents accessed via the Internet.
26. With a web browser, a user views web pages that may contain text, images, and other multimedia and navigates between them using hyperlinks.
27. The www uses http-hypertext transfer protocol to link hypertext documents on the World Wide Web.
28. http stands for hypertext transfer protocol.

29. Web page is a document written in HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language).
30. A hypertext document is also called web page.
31. Collection of related web pages is called web site.
32. Web sites are hosted on web servers.
33. The process of launching web page is called publishing the page.
34. A URL can be the "address" of a web page and is sometimes referred "web address".
35. Search engine is a website that allows you to search through a huge list of web pages.
36. Email is shorthand term meaning Electronic Mail.
37. Attached messages are sent in MIME format.
38. MIME stands for Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension.
39. Yahoo allows a file of size of 10MB to be attached.
40. The general format of an email address is username@DNS Address.
41. A discussion group on the Internet is called newsgroup.
42. Newsgroups are part of the "Usenet" (user network).
43. Newsgroups start by someone posting an initial query or comment. As others reply, the text forms a chain of related postings called a "message thread".
44. Newsgroups are similar to blogs,
45. The blog is often used for general commentary.
46. NNTP stands for Network News Transfer Protocol.
47. NNTP is used to "subscribe" to newsgroups and read and post messages.

Q.2. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION:

1. A computer can be linked to the internet through
 - (a) A phone-line modem
 - (b) DSL
 - (c) Cable modem
 - (d) **All of the above**
2. A collection of millions of computers interlink to one another is called:
 - (a) Interlink
 - (b) **Internet**
 - (c) Intranet
 - (d) Network
3. The globe has become a global village, due to:
 - (a) Television
 - (b) Radio
 - (c) Computer
 - (d) **Internet**
4. When DARPA established a small computer network?
 - (a) 1869
 - (b) **1969**
 - (c) 1769
 - (d) 1990
5. Who owns the Internet?
 - (a) Unite Nations
 - (b) **USA Government**