

Text Book Exercise

Q.1 What was the advice given by Nushirvan to his people?

(Lhr-G1)-16

نوشیرواں نے اپنے لوگوں کو کیا نصیحت کی؟

(Sgd-G2)-16

(Lhr-G1)-15

(Rwp-G1)-15

Ans. Nushirvan strictly ordered his people to pay for their purchases. He explained that the foundation of oppression was small in the world but that gave way to its present magnitude. He said "a tyrant does not remain in the world but the curse on him abides for ever." نوشیرواں نے اپنے لوگوں کو سختی سے حکم دیا کہ وہ اپنی خریداری کی ادائیگی کیا کریں۔ اُس نے وضاحت کی کہ دنیا میں ظلم کی بنیاد چھوٹی سی تھی لیکن اس ظلم نے اس کے موجودہ حجم کو راستہ دیا۔ (نوشیرواں) نے کہا "ظالم دنیا میں باقی نہیں رہتا لیکن اُس پر پڑی لعنت ہمیشہ باقی رہتی ہے۔"

Q.2 What was the remedy suggested by the physicians for the disease of the king?

(Sgd-G1)-16

(Dgk-G1)-15

Ans. The physicians prescribed that the disease of the king could only be cured except by means of bile of a person endowed with certain qualities.

(Bwp-G1)-15

حکیموں نے تجویز کیا کہ بادشاہ کی بیماری اسی صورت میں ٹھیک ہو سکتی تھی۔ کہ وہ ایک خاص خوبیوں والے شخص کو قتل کر کے اُس کا کلیجہ کھائے۔

Q.3 Why did the boy look to the sky and smile?

لڑکے آسمان کی طرف دیکھ کر کیوں مسکرایا؟

(Mtn-G2)-16

Ans. The boy looked toward the sky and smiled because his own parents had sold him to the king and the Qazi had issued a decree to shed his blood. Now he had no other refuge besides God Almighty. لڑکے نے آسمان کی طرف دیکھا اور مسکرایا کیونکہ اُس کے اپنے والدین نے اُس کو بادشاہ کو بیچ دیا تھا اور قاضی نے اُس کو قتل کرنے کا حکم صادر کر دیا۔ اور اب اُس کے پاس خدا کے سوا کوئی پناہ نہ تھی۔

(Ajk-G1)-15

(Lhr-G1)-13

(Dgk-G1)-13

Q.4 What should be the role of a Qazi?

قاضی کا کیا کردار ہونا چاہیے؟

(Dgk-G1)-16

(Fsd-G2)-16

Ans. The duty of a Qazi is to impart justice to all. He should be just and honest.

(Rwp-G2)-15

(Mtn-G1)-15

He should not discriminate between the rich and the poor. قاضی کا فرض ہے کہ وہ سب کے ساتھ انصاف کرے۔ اُس کو عادل اور ایماندار ہونا چاہیے۔ اُس کو امیر اور غریب میں فرق نہیں کرنا چاہیے۔

(Mtn-G1)-14

(Lhr-G2)-14

(Lhr-G1)-12

Q.5 Why did the king weep?

بادشاہ کیوں رو دیا؟

(Dgk-G2)-16

Ans. The king could not control his tears when the boy said that he had no other refuge besides God Almighty. To whom should he complain against king's brutality, if he had to seek justice from his hands. بادشاہ اپنے آنسوؤں پر قابو نہ پاسکا جب لڑکے نے کہا کہ خدا کے سوا اُس کی کوئی اور پناہ نہیں ہے۔ وہ کس کے آگے بادشاہ کے ظلم کی شکایت کرے، اگر اُس کو (بادشاہ) کے خلاف ہی انصاف مطلوب ہو۔

(Rwp-G2)-14

Q.6 How did the king recover?

(Fsd-G1)-16 بادشاہ کیسے صحت یاب ہوا؟

Ans. When the king relieved the boy and rewarded him a lot of wealth. It is said that (Lhr-G2)-15

the king also recovered within a week by virtue of his kindness with the poor.

بادشاہ نے لڑکے کی جان بخش دی اور اُس کو بہت سی دولت دی۔ یہ کہا جاتا ہے کہ اپنی غریبوں کے ساتھ نہربانی اور نیکی کی وجہ سے بادشاہ بھی ایک ہفتہ میں صحت یاب ہو گیا۔

Additional Exercise

Q.1 Who was Sheikh Sa'di and what is the theme of "The Gulistan"?

Ans. Sheikh Sa'di was a great poet and story teller. The theme of "The Gulistan" is to impart moral virtues to the people through parables.

Q.2 What did Emerson think about the value of "The Gulistan"?

(Mtn-G2)-15

Ans. Emerson thought of "The Gulistan" as one of the bibles of the world, for he found the universality of moral law in it.

Q.3 In what European Languages "The Gulistan" has been translated into?

Ans. "The Gulistan" was translated into Latin and English.

Q.4 How long had the English scholars used Sa'di's parables in their divine books?

OR

What did English scholars discover about Sadi's translated parables?

Ans. "English scholars used Sa'di's translated parables in their divine books till it was discovered that it was an English translation of a Latin version of Persian origin."

Q.5 What did Edwin Arnold say about "The Gulistan"?

(Rwp-G1)-14

Ans. Edwin Arnold described Gulistan as "an intellectual pulao, a literary curry, a kebab of a versatile genius".

(Dgk-G1)-12

Q.6 What did happen to the boat during the voyage?

Ans. During the voyage, the boat was hit by a storm and it started tossing violently.

Q.7 What was the effect of the storm on the passengers?

Ans. All the passengers remained quiet except a slave who started crying and trembling in fear of being drowned.

Q.8 Why did the slave begin to cry?

(Lhr-G2)-12

Ans. The slave began to cry and tremble in fear of being drowned as the boat was hit by a storm and it was tossing violently.

Q.9 Why did the king become displeased, in the boat?

Ans. The king became displeased by the prolonged uneasiness created by the slave in the boat.

Q.10 What did the sergeant do to pacify the slave? (Rwp-G2)-15

Ans. The sergeant ordered the slave to be thrown into the water and when he was pulled back into the boat, he clung to the stern and sat quietly. (Lhr-G2)-14

Q.11 How did the slave behave after being pulled back into the boat?

OR

What was the result of drowning the slave into the sea?

Ans. When the slave was pulled back into the boat, he clung to the stern and remained quiet.

Q.12 What did the sergeant say when the king asked for the wisdom of sergeant's action? **OR**

How does the slave realize the worth of the safety of boat from the misfortune?

Ans. The sergeant said that "before he had experienced the danger of being drowned, he knew not about the safety of the boat." "A man does not realize the worth of safety from the misfortune until he has tasted it."

Q.13 Who was Nushirvan and what was he famous for?

Ans. Nushirvan was a king of Persia, he was famous for his wisdom and justice.

Q.14 Why did Nushirvan ask the boy to pay for the salt?

Ans. Nushirvan asked the boy "to pay for the salt lest it should become a custom and the village be ruined."

Q.15 What did the boy ask from Nushirvan when Nushirvan ordered him to pay for the salt?

Ans. When the king asked the boy if he had paid for the salt, the boy asked the king what harm could arise from such a trifling demand.

Q.16 What was the advice given by Nushirvan to his people? (Text Q.No.1) (Lhr-G1)-16

OR

What did Nushirvan advised his people about oppression? (Sgd-G2)-16

Ans. Nushirvan advised his people that the foundation of oppression in the world was small; but that gave way to its present magnitude. He said a tyrant does not remain in the world, but the curse on him abides forever. (Lhr-G1)-15

Q.17 What happens if the king eats one apple from the garden of a subject? (Rwp-G1)-15

Ans. If the king eats one apple from the garden of a subject, his slaves will pull down the whole tree.

Q.18 What happens if the king allows his soldiers to get eggs by force?

Ans. If the king allows his soldiers to get five eggs by force, the people belonging to his army will put a thousand fowls on the spit.

Q.19 What does "The Gulistan" tell as about a tryant in the world?

Ans. A tryrant does not remain in the world; but the curse on him abides for ever.

Q.20 What was the remedy suggested by the physicians for the disease of the king? (Text Q.No.2) (Sgd-G1)-16 (Dgk-G1)-15 (Bwp-G1)-15

Ans. The physicians prescribed that the disease of the king could only be cured except by means of bile of a person endowed with certain qualities.

Q.21 How did the king get the consent of the parents for slaying of their son?

Ans. The king got the consent of the parents for slaying their son by giving them a huge amount of wealth.

Q.22 What was the role of the Qazi?

Ans. The Qazi issued a decree to shed the blood of a person for the health of the king.

Q.23 Why did the boy look to the sky and smile? (Text Q.No.3) (Mtn-G2)-16

Ans. The boy looked toward the sky and smiled because his own parents had sold him to the king and the Qazi had issued the decree to shed his blood. (Ajk-G1)-15 (Lhr-G1)-13 (Dgk-G1)-13

Q.24 Why did the king weep? OR (Text Q.No.5) (Rwp-G2)-14, (Dgk-G2)-16
What was the effect of boy's words on the king?

OR

How did the king reward the boy?

Ans. The king could not control his tears when the boy said that he had no other refuge besides God Almighty. The king said that it was better for him to die than shedding the blood of an innocent boy. He kissed the boy and rewarded him with a lot of wealth.

Q.25 How did the king recover? (Text Q.No.6) (Fsd-G1)-16

Ans. When the king relieved the boy and rewarded him with a lot of wealth, it is said that the king also recovered within a week. (Lhr-G2)-15

Q.26 What should be the role of a Qazi? (Text Q.No.4) (Dgk-G1)-16 (Fsd-G2)-16

Ans. The duty of a Qazi is to impart justice to all. He should be just and honest. (Rwp-G2)-15 (Mtn-G1)-15 (Mtn-G1)-14 (Lhr-G2)-14 (Lhr-G1)-12