

CHEMISTRY

1.	Introduction to fundamental concepts of chemistry
2.	Atomic structure
3.	Gases
4.	Liquids
5.	Solids
6.	Chemical equilibrium
7.	Reaction kinetics
8.	Thermo-chemistry and energetics of chemical reactions
9.	Electrochemistry
10.	Chemical bonding
11.	S and p block elements
12.	Fundamental principles of organic chemistry
13.	Chemistry of hydrocarbons
14.	Alcohols and phenols
15.	Aldehydes and ketones
16.	Carboxylic acids

TOPICS

1. **Introduction to fundamental concepts of chemistry**
 - a. Atomic mass
 - b. Empirical formula
 - c. Molecular formula
 - d. Concept of mole
 - e. Avogadro's number
 - f. Stoichiometry

2. **Atomic Structure**
 - a. Concept of orbitals
 - b. Electronic configuration
 - c. Discovery and properties of proton (positive rays)
 - d. Quantum numbers
 - e. Shapes of orbitals

3. **Gases**
 - a. Properties of gases
 - b. Gas laws
 - c. Boyle's law
 - d. Charles's law
 - e. General gas equation
 - f. Kinetic molecular theory of gases
 - g. Ideal gas equation

4. **Liquids**
 - a. Properties of liquids
 - b. Intermolecular forces
 - c. Hydrogen bonding
 - d. Vapor pressure
 - e. Boiling point and external pressure

5. **Solids**
 - a. Types of solids
 - b. Ionic solids
 - c. Molecular solids

6. **Chemical Equilibrium**
 - a. Reversible and irreversible reactions
 - b. State of chemical equilibrium
 - c. Solubility product
 - d. The Le Chatelier's principle
 - e. Synthesis of ammonia by Haber's Process
 - f. Buffer solutions

7. Reaction Kinetics

- a. Rate of reaction
- b. Determination of the rate of chemical reaction
- c. Factors affecting rate of reaction
- d. Order of reaction and its determination

8. Thermochemistry and energetic of chemical reactions

- a. Definitions of terms used in thermodynamics
- b. Energy in chemical reactions
- c. First Law of thermodynamics
- d. Enthalpy of a reaction
- e. Hess's law of constant heat summation

9. Electrochemistry

- a. Oxidation number or state
- b. Explanation of electrolysis
- c. Electrode potential

10. Chemical Bonding

- a. Energetic of bond formation
- b. Atomic sizes
- c. Atomic radii
- d. Ionic radii
- e. Covalent radii
- f. Ionization energy
- g. Electron affinity
- h. Electro negativity
- i. Bond energy
- j. Bond length
- k. Types of bonds
- l. Electrovalent or Ionic Bond
- m. Covalent bond
- n. Sigma and Pi bond
- o. Hybridization
- p. sp^3 -Hybridization
- q. sp^2 -Hybridization
- r. sp -hybridization

11. S and p Block Elements

- a. Electronic configuration
- b. Chemical properties of s-block elements
- c. Group1 Elements (Alkali Metals)
- d. Atomic and Physical properties
- e. Group2 Elements (Alkaline earth metals)
- f. Physical and chemical properties

12. Fundamental principles of organic chemistry

- a. Classification of organic compound
- b. Isomerism

13. Chemistry of hydrocarbons

- a. Open chain and closed chain hydrocarbons
- b. Benzene: Properties, reactions

14. Alcohols and phenols

- a. Alcohols:
 - 1) Classification
 - 2) Reactivity
- b. Phenols:
 - 1) Physical properties
 - 2) Reactivity

15. Aldehydes and ketones

- a. Reactions

16. Carboxylic acids

- a. Physical properties
- b. Reactivity