



**Mark the statements true / false.**

- 2. The traveller belonged to an ancient country. True
- i. The traveller saw nothing in the desert. False
- ii. Nothing was written on the pedestal of the statue. False
- iii. Ozymandias was a prince. False

**Add two more rhyming words to each word given below.**

- 3. i. land \_\_\_\_\_ (sand, brand)
- ii. stone \_\_\_\_\_ (bone, tone)
- iii. decay \_\_\_\_\_ (clay, day)
- iv. fed \_\_\_\_\_ (red, shed)

**Write down the missing word in each verse.**

- 4. i. I met a traveller from an antique \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) sand                      b) band                      c) land                      d) hand
- ii. Two vast and trunkless legs of stone stood in the \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) jungle                      b) desert                      c) hill                      d) ground
- iii. My name is Ozymandias, king of \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) state                      b) America                      c) kings                      d) Rome
- iv. Of that colossal wreck, boundless and \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) bare                      b) rare                      c) uncovered                      d) head less

**5. Give a summary of the poem.**

Ans: This is a short ironic poem. The poet throws light on the mightiness of death. Those who consider themselves all powerful must keep in mind that they are also destined to die. Their feelings of pride and superiority are nothing but self-deception. Symbolically, the poet exposes the transitoriness of life, and hollowness of pride.

**6. What kind of feelings does the poem create in the readers mind?**

Ans: The poem is full of suspense. It creates the feeling of awe and fear in the reader's mind. One feels horrified to see the shattered parts of the statue in the desert.

**7. What did the traveller see in the desert?**

Ans: The traveller saw two vast and trunkless legs of stone, a half sunk and shattered visage of a statue lying in the desert. It is the statue of the king Ozymandias.

